

# Package ‘magmaR’

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**Type** Package

**Title** R-Client for 'Magma' of the 'UCSF Mount Etna Data Library'

**Version** 1.0.1

**Description** A client for interacting with 'magma', the data warehouse of the 'UCSF Mount Etna Data Library'. 'magmaR' includes functions for querying and downloading data from 'magma', in order to enable working with such data in R, as well as for uploading local data to 'magma'.

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authentication-and-environments

*Starting out and working with different Etna environments*

---

## Description

Starting out and working with different Etna environments

### Authorization via 'token's

Access to magma via magmaR is authenticated via 'token's which users can obtain from Janus. A valid token must be provided to magmaR before any calls to magma can be successfully performed. To provide this token, users should obtain their token from Janus, then provide it to magmaR functions using the [magmaRset](#) function. See the function's own documentation and other functions' examples for further details and usage code.

### Non-production Environments

The Mount Etna code base relies on 3 different ecosystems of all of its components for purposes of "development" of new tools and features, "staging" of updates and data prior to release, and "production", the release version which most users see. We won't get into the details too much more here, but users with access to the non-production environments can access these environments with magmaR.

To target non-production environments, users should provide the url of their alternative version of magma to magmaR functions using the [magmaRset](#) function. If proxy or other curl-request settings need to be adjusted, users can provide these via the opts input of this same [magmaRset](#) function.

### See Also

[magmaRset](#)

---

magmaRset

*Set up your magma environment and authentication*

---

## Description

Set up your magma environment and authentication

## Usage

```
magmaRset(  
  token = NULL,  
  url = "https://magma.ucsf.edu",  
  opts = list(followlocation = FALSE)  
)
```

## Arguments

token	Single string. Your personal token from <a href="https://janus.ucsf.edu">https://janus.ucsf.edu</a> . When not explicitly given, you will be prompted to input it via the console.
url	Single string. The url of the production, staging, or development version of magma that you would like to target. See <a href="#">authentication-and-environments</a> for more information.
opts	A named list of curl options and the values to give them (ex: <code>list(followlocation = FALSE, othersetting = 42)</code> ). Generally, most users can ignore this input, but it can be useful for adjusting proxy settings for particular development environment setup.

## Details

This function compiles a list, from the given inputs, of the information needed by other magmaR functions to properly route and authenticate a call to magma.

## Value

A list with three components: token, url, and opts.

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  
  # THE DEFAULT:  
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.  
  # And the resulting $url will be the standard, production, magma url.  
  prod <- magmaRset()  
  print(prod)  
  
  # TARGET = staging:  
  # Give the proper url.  
  # Again, because we are not providing our token to the call, it will ask.  
  stage <- magmaRset(url = "https://magma-stage.ucsf.edu")  
  print(stage)  
  
  # We can also give additional curl options to the 'opts' input:  
  prod_opts <- magmaRset(token = prod$token,  
    opts = list(proxyport = 1234))  
  print(prod_opts)
```

```
# Now we can retrieve data with...
retrieve(
  target = prod,
  projectName = "example",
  modelName = "rna_seq",
  recordNames = "all",
  attributeNames = "all",
  filter = "")
}
```

---

query

*Search-like function that can obtain linked data from distinct models.*


---

### Description

Analogous to the `/query` function of magma.

### Usage

```
query(target, projectName, queryTerms = list(), format = c("list", "df"), ...)
```

### Arguments

target	A list, which can be created using <code>magmaRset</code> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additions parameters for curl requests (a named list).
projectName	Single string. The name of the project you would like to interact with. For options, see <code>retrieveProjects</code> .
queryTerms	A list of strings where list elements are query predicates and verbs. See <a href="https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#query">https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#query</a> for details.
format	Either "list" or "df" (=dataframe). This sets the desired output format. The list option is the more raw form.
...	Additional parameters passed along to the internal <code>.retrieve()</code> , <code>.query()</code> , or <code>.update()</code> functions, for troubleshooting or advanced-user purposes only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><code>request.only</code> (Logical) &amp; <code>json.params.only</code> (Logical) which 1) stop the function before its main curl request to magma and 2) returns the values that would have been sent to magma in either of two formats.</li> <li><code>verbose</code> (Logical) sets whether to report the status of the curl request after it is performed.</li> </ul>

### Details

This function initially mimics the activity of the magma's `/query` functionality, which is documented here <https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#query>.

Afterwards, the json list output of magma/query is converted into an R list, and then the format input determines whether it should be wrangled further:

- `format = "list"`, default: R list output directly.
- `format = "df"`: R list converted into a dataframe where data comes from the `list$answer` and column names come from the `list$format`

### Value

A list, default, if `format == "list"`,  
OR A dataframe conversion if `format = "df"`

### See Also

<https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#query> for documentation of the underlying `magma/query` function.

[retrieveProjects](#) for exploring options for the `projectName` input.

[retrieveModels](#), [retrieveIds](#), and [retrieveAttributes](#) and [retrieveTemplate](#) for exploring the project structure and determining `queryTerm` options.

### Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  # First, we use magmaRset to create an object which will tell other magmaR
  # functions our authentication token (as well as some other optional bits).
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.
  magma <- magmaRset()

  ### To obtain the 'group' attribute, from the subject-model, that are
  # associated with records of the rna_seq-model:

  # "Raw" output of query:
  query_list <- query(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example",
    queryTerms =
      list('rna_seq',
           '::all',
           'biospecimen',
           'subject',
           'group'))
  print(query_list)

  # Or instead re-formatted to a dataframe, which may be easier for
  # downstream applications in R:
  query_df <- query(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example",
    queryTerms =
      list('rna_seq',
           '::all',
           'biospecimen',
           'subject',
```

```

        'group'),
    format = 'df')
print(query_df)
}

```

---

 retrieve

---

*Download data from magma as a tsv, and convert to a data.frame*


---

### Description

Analogous to the `/retrieve` function of magma, with `format = "tsv"`

### Usage

```

retrieve(
  target,
  projectName,
  modelName,
  recordNames = "all",
  attributeNames = "all",
  filter = "",
  page = NULL,
  pageSize = 10,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>target</code>	A list, which can be created using <a href="#">magmaRset</a> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additional parameters for curl requests (a named list).
<code>projectName</code>	Single string. The name of the project you would like to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveProjects</a> .
<code>modelName</code>	Single string. The name of the subset data structure within the project, which are referred to as 'model's in magma, to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveModels</a> or <a href="https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map">https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map</a> .
<code>recordNames</code>	Single string or string vector indicating which particular sample/tube/etc. records to target. Options are "all" or any combination of individual record names. To retrieve individual options, see <a href="#">retrieveIds</a> .
<code>attributeNames</code>	Single string or string vector indicating which features of the data to target. Options are "all" or any combination of individual attribute names. To retrieve individual options, see <a href="#">retrieveAttributes</a> .
<code>filter</code>	String. Potential filter(s) of the data. Example: " <code>&lt;targetAttributeName&gt;~GYN</code> " to filter to records where <code>&lt;targetAttributeName&gt;</code> contains "GYN". Refer to <a href="https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve">https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve</a> for more details about options and format.

page	Integer. For retrieving just a portion of the data, sets which slice to get.
pageSize	Integer. For retrieving just a portion of the data, sets slice/page size, which is equivalent to the a number of rows.
...	Additional parameters passed along to the internal <code>.retrieve()</code> , <code>.query()</code> , or <code>.update()</code> functions, for troubleshooting or advanced-user purposes only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>request.only</code> (Logical) &amp; <code>json.params.only</code> (Logical) which 1) stop the function before its main curl request to magma and 2) returns the values that would have been sent to magma in either of two formats.</li> <li>• <code>verbose</code> (Logical) sets whether to report the status of the curl request after it is performed.</li> </ul>

### Details

This function makes a curl get request to `magma/retrieve`, with properly reformatted versions of user inputs, plus `format = "tsv"`. Then, it converts the tsv-string output into a dataframe.

Note: When `format = "tsv"`, `magma/retrieve` returns just an identifier for matrix-type attributes. To retrieve underlying data for such attributes, use the specialized `retrieveMatrix` function.

### Value

A dataframe

### See Also

`retrieveMatrix` for retrieving attributes of type matrix.

`retrieveJSON` for similar functionality to `retrieve`, but where the call to `magma/retrieve` is made with `format = "json"` and the output is a list. This output often contains more information, and can retrieve data for attribute types of type matrix, which are not returned by the current function. But in most cases, the data returned by `retrieve` and `retrieveMatrix` will suffice.

<https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve> for documentation of the underlying `magma/retrieve` function.

### Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  # First, we use magmaRset to create an object which will tell other magmaR
  # functions our authentication token (as well as some other optional bits).
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.
  magma <- magmaRset()

  # Now we can retrieve data with...
  retrieve(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example",
    modelName = "rna_seq",
    recordNames = "all",
    attributeNames = "all",
    filter = "")
}
```

```
}

```

---

```
retrieveJSON
```

---

```
Download data from magma as a json, and convert to a list
```

---

## Description

Analogous to the `/retrieve` function of magma, with `format = "json"`

## Usage

```
retrieveJSON(
  target,
  projectName,
  modelName,
  recordNames = "all",
  attributeNames = "all",
  filter = "",
  page = NULL,
  pageSize = 10,
  hideTemplate = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>target</code>	A list, which can be created using <a href="#">magmaRset</a> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additions parameters for curl requests (a named list).
<code>projectName</code>	Single string. The name of the project you would like to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveProjects</a> .
<code>modelName</code>	Single string. The name of the subset data structure within the project, which are referred to as 'model's in magma, to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveModels</a> or <a href="https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map">https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map</a> .
<code>recordNames</code>	Single string or string vector indicating which particular sample/tube/etc. records to target. Options are "all" or any combination of individual record names. To retrieve individual options, see <a href="#">retrieveIds</a> .
<code>attributeNames</code>	Single string or string vector indicating which features of the data to target. Options are "all" or any combination of individual attribute names. To retrieve individual options, see <a href="#">retrieveAttributes</a> .
<code>filter</code>	String. Potential filter(s) of the data. Example: " <code>&lt;targetAttributeName&gt;~GYN</code> " to filter to records where <code>&lt;targetAttributeName&gt;</code> contains "GYN". Refer to <a href="https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve">https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve</a> for more details about options and format.



page	Integer. For retrieving just a portion of the data, sets which slice to get.
pageSize	Integer. For retrieving just a portion of the data, sets slice/page size, which is equivalent to the a number of rows.
hideTemplate	Logical. Allows to leave out the project template from the return. Often this does not matter much, but the template can be bulky.
...	Additional parameters passed along to the internal <code>retrieve()</code> , <code>query()</code> , or <code>update()</code> functions, for troubleshooting or advanced-user purposes only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>request.only</code> (Logical) &amp; <code>json.params.only</code> (Logical) which 1) stop the function before its main curl request to magma and 2) returns the values that would have been sent to magma in either of two formats.</li> <li>• <code>verbose</code> (Logical) sets whether to report the status of the curl request after it is performed.</li> </ul>

### Details

This function makes a call to `magma/retrieve` with `format = "json"`. Then, it converts the json output into a list which is more compatible with R.

### Value

A list

### See Also

[retrieve](#) for similar functionality, but where the call to `magma/retrieve` will be made with `format = "tsv"` and the output is a dataframe.

[retrieveMatrix](#) for matrix data-targeted utilization of this current `retrieveJSON` function, followed by automated restructuring of the return into a matrix format.

<https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve> for documentation of the underlying `magma/retrieve` function.

### Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  # First, we use magmaRset to create an object which will tell other magmaR
  # functions our authentication token (as well as some other optional bits).
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.
  magma <- magmaRset()

  # Now we can retrieve data as json (->list) with...
  json_out <- retrieveJSON(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example",
    modelName = "rna_seq",
    recordNames = "all",
    attributeNames = "all",
    filter = "")
  # The return will be a nested list with data in a 'documents' element and
```

```

# some extra information about each attribute in a 'template' element.
str(json_out, max.level = 4)

# Often, the 'template' part is bulky but not needed, so its retrieval may
# be turned off by giving hideTemplate = TRUE'
json_out <- retrieveJSON(
  target = magma,
  projectName = "example",
  modelName = "rna_seq",
  recordNames = "all",
  attributeNames = "all",
  filter = "",
  hideTemplate = TRUE)
str(json_out, max.level = 4)
}

```

---

```
retrieveMatrix
```

```
Download data from magma that is stored as a matrix
```

---

### Description

Download data from magma that is stored as a matrix

### Usage

```

retrieveMatrix(
  target,
  projectName,
  modelName,
  recordNames = "all",
  attributeNames,
  filter = "",
  page = NULL,
  pageSize = 10,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

target	A list, which can be created using <a href="#">magmaRset</a> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additional parameters for curl requests (a named list).
projectName	Single string. The name of the project you would like to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveProjects</a> .
modelName	Single string. The name of the subset data structure within the project, which are referred to as 'model's in magma, to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveModels</a> or <a href="https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map">https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map</a> .

recordNames	Single string or string vector indicating which particular sample/tube/etc. records to target. Options are "all" or any combination of individual record names. To retrieve individual options, see <a href="#">retrieveIds</a> .
attributeNames	Single string or string vector indicating which features of the data to target. Options are "all" or any combination of individual attribute names. To retrieve individual options, see <a href="#">retrieveAttributes</a> .
filter	String. Potential filter(s) of the data. Example: "<targetAttributeName>~GYN" to filter to records where <targetAttributeName> contains "GYN". Refer to <a href="https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve">https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve</a> for more details about options and format.
page	Integer. For retrieving just a portion of the data, sets which slice to get.
pageSize	Integer. For retrieving just a portion of the data, sets slice/page size, which is equivalent to the a number of rows.
...	Additional parameters passed along to the internal <code>.retrieve()</code> , <code>.query()</code> , or <code>.update()</code> functions, for troubleshooting or advanced-user purposes only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>request.only</code> (Logical) &amp; <code>json.params.only</code> (Logical) which 1) stop the function before its main curl request to magma and 2) returns the values that would have been sent to magma in either of two formats.</li> <li>• <code>verbose</code> (Logical) sets whether to report the status of the curl request after it is performed.</li> </ul>

## Value

a matrix

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  # First, we use magmaRset to create an object which will tell other magmaR
  # functions our authentication token (as well as some other optional bits).
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.
  magma <- magmaRset()

  retrieveMatrix(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example",
    modelName = "rna_seq",
    recordNames = "all",
    attributeNames = "gene_counts")
}
```

---

retrieveMetadata	<i>Download data from magma of one model, but transformed into the shape of a different model's records.</i>
------------------	--

---

### Description

Retrieve data from one model ("meta") transformed into the shape of linked records of a different model ("target"). For example, one could get subject-level information for an RNAseq counts matrix with this function. The output would contain columns of subject-level attributes, and rows that are the RNAseq-model records.

### Usage

```
retrieveMetadata(
  target,
  projectName,
  meta_modelName,
  meta_attributeNames = "all",
  target_modelName,
  target_recordNames = "all",
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

target	A list, which can be created using <a href="#">magmaRset</a> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additions parameters for curl requests (a named list).
projectName	Single string. The name of the project you would like to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveProjects</a> .
meta_modelName, meta_attributeNames	Strings which indicate the "meta" data to retrieve. They work the same as inputs of other functions without the meta_ portion.
target_modelName, target_recordNames	Strings which indicate the "target" data that meta-data is desired to be reshaped into. They work the same as inputs of other functions without the target_ portion, and these inputs ultimately set which records of "meta" model data to actually obtain.
...	Additional parameters passed along to the internal '.retrieve()', '.query()', or '.update()' functions, for troubleshooting or advanced-user purposes only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• request.only (Logical) &amp; json.params.only (Logical) which 1) stop the function before its main curl request to magma and 2) returns the values that would have been sent to magma in either of two formats.</li> <li>• verbose (Logical) sets whether to report the status of the curl request after it is performed.</li> </ul>

## Details

This function retrieves data from one model (the "meta" model) transformed so that rows of the returned dataframe correspond to records of a different model (the "target" model).

Internally, it first determines the path, through child-parent model linkages, to navigate from the meta\_model to the target\_model.

Then, it performs calls to [query](#) in order to retrieve identifier linkage along that path. The identifier linkage is turned into a dataframe of identifier traces.

Next, it performs a call to [retrieve](#) to obtain the wanted metadata as a dataframe.

(If linkage paths would create any 1:many mappings of target data records to metadata records, data of extra records are shifted "rightwards" into columns appended with "\_#" in their names. This is a reliable, though imperfect, method so we hope to implement alternatives in the future.)

Finally, the dataframe of linkage path identifiers is merged with the metadata dataframe, reshaping the metadata to properly have one row per requested target\_recordName.

## Value

A dataframe with rows = target\_recordNames and columns = model identifiers and either meta\_attributeNames or repeats of meta\_attributeNames\_# when there are 1:many mappings of target data records to metadata records.

## See Also

[retrieve](#) and [retrieveMatrix](#) which will likely be useful for retrieving associated "target" data.

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  # First, we use magmaRset to create an object which will tell other magmaR
  # functions our authentication token (as well as some other optional bits).
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.
  magma <- magmaRset()

  # Running like this will ask for input of your janus token one time.
  retrieveMetadata(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example",
    meta_modelName = "subject",
    meta_attributeNames = "group",
    target_modelName = "rna_seq",
    target_recordNames = "all")
}
```

---

retrieveProjects	<i>Helper function that retrieves all the projectName options which a user has access to, from janus.</i>
------------------	---

---

### Description

Helper function that retrieves all the projectName options which a user has access to, from janus.

### Usage

```
retrieveProjects(target, verbose = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

target	A list, which can be created using <a href="#">magmaRset</a> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additions parameters for curl requests (a named list).
verbose	Logical. Sets whether to report the status of the '/projects' curl request sent to janus.

### Details

This function takes in the user's target containing their authorization token, and a url targeting either magma or janus. It then converts the given url to target janus, and makes a curl request to <janus-url>/projects in order to return which projects a user can access.

### Value

A data.frame where elements of the 'project\_name' column reflect what can be given to projectName inputs of other magmaR functions.

### Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  retrieveProjects(target = magmaRset())  
}
```

---

retrieve\_SpecialCases *Helper functions that utilize special cases of magma /retrieve*

---

## Description

Helper functions that utilize special cases of magma /retrieve

## Usage

```
retrieveTemplate(target, projectName, ...)
```

```
retrieveModels(target, projectName, ...)
```

```
retrieveIds(target, projectName, modelName, ...)
```

```
retrieveAttributes(target, projectName, modelName, ...)
```

## Arguments

target	A list, which can be created using <a href="#">magmaRset</a> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additions parameters for curl requests (a named list).
projectName	Single string. The name of the project you would like to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveProjects</a> .
...	Additional parameters passed along to the internal '.retrieve()', '.query()', or '.update()' functions, for troubleshooting or advanced-user purposes only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <code>request.only</code> (Logical) &amp; <code>json.params.only</code> (Logical) which 1) stop the function before its main curl request to magma and 2) returns the values that would have been sent to magma in either of two formats.</li><li>• <code>verbose</code> (Logical) sets whether to report the status of the curl request after it is performed.</li></ul>
modelName	Single string. The name of the subset data structure within the project, which are referred to as 'model's in magma, to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveModels</a> or <a href="https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map">https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map</a> .

## Details

These functions aim to help users determine acceptable inputs to other magmaR functions without needing to leave R.

They make properly crafted calls to [retrieve](#) which target either the "template" or "identifier" special cases outlined in <https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#retrieve>, followed by directly returning the output (`retrieveTemplate` and `retrieveIds`), by returning just a targeted portion of that output (`retrieveModels`), or by returning a targeted portion of a subsequent single-record call to [retrieve](#) (`retrieveAttributes`).

**Value**

retrieveTemplate = a list conversion of the project's template json.

retrieveModels = a string vector of model names

retrieveIds = a string vector of record names/identifiers.

retrieveAttributes = a string vector of attribute names.

**Functions**

- retrieveTemplate: Retrieve the template for a given project
- retrieveModels: Retrieve the modelNames for a given project
- retrieveIds: Retrieve all the identifiers/recordNames for a given project-model pair.
- retrieveAttributes: Retrieve all the attribute options for a given project-model pair.

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {
  # First, we use magmaRset to create an object which will tell other magmaR
  # functions our authentication token (as well as some other optional bits).
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.
  magma <- magmaRset()

  template <- retrieveTemplate(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example")
  str(template, max.level = 4)

  models <- retrieveModels(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example")
  print(models)

  ids <- retrieveIds(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example",
    modelName = "rna_seq")
  print(ids)

  atts <- retrieveAttributes(
    target = magma,
    projectName = "example",
    modelName = "subject")
  print(atts)
}
```



---

updateMatrix                      *A matrix-specific wrapper of [updateValues](#)*

---

### Description

A matrix-specific wrapper of [updateValues](#) which can take in a matrix, data.frame, or file path, directly.

### Usage

```
updateMatrix(
  target,
  projectName,
  modelName,
  attributeName,
  matrix,
  separator = ",",
  auto.proceed = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

target	A list, which can be created using <a href="#">magmaRset</a> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additions parameters for curl requests (a named list).
projectName	Single string. The name of the project you would like to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveProjects</a> .
modelName	Single string. The name of the subset data structure within the project, which are referred to as 'model's in magma, to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveModels</a> or <a href="https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map">https://timur.ucsf.edu/&lt;projectName&gt;/map</a> .
attributeName	String naming the matrix attribute for which to upload data.
matrix	A matrix or dataframe containing the data to upload to magma. Alternatively, a String specifying the file path of a file containing such data. No matter the provision method, colnames must be record identifiers, and rownames should match the values of 'options' associated with the target 'attribute'. Check the 'See Also' section below for how to determine the needed 'options'.
separator	String indicating the field separator to use if providing matrix as a file path. Default = ",".
auto.proceed	Logical. When set to TRUE, the function does not ask before proceeding forward with the 'magma/update'.
...	Additional parameters passed along to the internal '.retrieve()', '.query()', or '.update()' functions, for troubleshooting or advanced-user purposes only:

- `request.only` (Logical) & `json.params.only` (Logical) which 1) stop the function before its main curl request to magma and 2) returns the values that would have been sent to magma in either of two formats.
- `verbose` (Logical) sets whether to report the status of the curl request after it is performed.

## Details

This function utilizes the `magma/query` function, documented here <https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#update>, to upload data to a matrix attribute (named `attributeName`) of the `modelName` model of `projectName` project.

`matrix` data are provided either as a matrix, dataframe, or file path which points toward such data. If given as a file path, the `separator` input can be used to adjust for whether the file is a csv (the default, `separator = ", "`), or tsv, `separator = "\t"`, or other format.

Data is then validated by ensuring that all row names are among the valid 'options' of the target attribute (See the See Also section below for a note on how to explore these options yourself.). Rows are reordered to be in the same order as these 'options'.

For any missing 'options', rows of NAs are added.

The data is then transformed and passed along to `updateValues`.

The `updateValues()` function will summarize records to be updated and allow the user to double-check this information before proceeding.

This user-prompt step can be bypassed (useful when running in a non-interactive way) by setting `auto.proceed = TRUE`, but NOTE: It is a good idea to always check carefully before proceeding, if possible. Data can be overwritten with NAs or zeros or the like, but improperly named records cannot be easily removed.

## Value

None directly.

The function sends data to magma, and the only outputs are information reported via the console.

## See Also

<https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#update> for documentation of the underlying `magma/update` function.

`updateValues` for a the more general version of this function which can handle non-matrix data types.

`retrieveTemplate`, then check the `<output>$models$<modelName>$template$attributes$<attributeName>$options` to explore the rownames that your matrix should have.

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  # First, we use magmaRset to create an object which will tell other magmaR
  # functions our authentication token (as well as some other optional bits).
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.
```

```

magma <- magmaRset()

### Note that you likely do not have write-permissions for the 'example'
# project, so this code can be expected to give an authorization error.

### Retrieve some data from magma, then update that same data.
mat <- retrieveMatrix(magma, "example", "rna_seq", "all", "gene_tpm")

updateMatrix(
  target = magma,
  projectName = "example",
  modelName = "rna_seq",
  attributeName = "gene_tpm",
  matrix = mat)
}

```

---

updateValues

*Analogous to the '/update' function of magma*


---

## Description

Analogous to the '/update' function of magma, allows data to be sent to magma (by users with at least "editor" authorization).

## Usage

```

updateValues(
  target,
  projectName,
  revisions = list(),
  auto.proceed = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

- |             |   |
|-------------|---|
| target      | A list, which can be created using <a href="#">magmaRset</a> , containing your authorization 'token' (a string), a 'url' of magma to target (a string), and optional 'opts' for specifying additions parameters for curl requests (a named list).   |
| projectName | Single string. The name of the project you would like to interact with. For options, see <a href="#">retrieveProjects</a> .   |
| revisions   | A list of named lists containing the data to be updated.<br>List structure: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• top level name(s): modelName, can be 1 or more.</li> <li>• 2nd level name(s): recordNames, can be 1 or more.</li> <li>• 3rd level name(s) &amp; contents: the attributes to update &amp; the values to use.</li> </ul> |

	See <a href="https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#update">https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#update</a> for additional formatting details.
auto.proceed	Logical. When set to TRUE, the function does not ask before proceeding forward with the 'magma/update'.
...	Additional parameters passed along to the internal '.retrieve()', '.query()', or '.update()' functions, for troubleshooting or advanced-user purposes only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• request.only (Logical) &amp; json.params.only (Logical) which 1) stop the function before its main curl request to magma and 2) returns the values that would have been sent to magma in either of two formats.</li> <li>• verbose (Logical) sets whether to report the status of the curl request after it is performed.</li> </ul>

### Details

This function mimics the activity of the magma/update function, documented here <https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#update>, with the main difference being that the revisions input should be in nested list format rather than nested hash (because R does not support hash structures).

Internally, the function:

1. Summarizes records of each model that will be targeted for updating.
2. Prompts the user before proceeding (unless auto.proceed is set to TRUE)
3. Directly passes its inputs along to magma/update via a curl request.

### Value

None directly.

The function sends data to magma, and the only outputs are information reported via the console.

### See Also

<https://mountetna.github.io/magma.html#update> for documentation of the underlying magma/update function.

[updateMatrix](#) for a matrix-dedicated version of this function which can be provided a matrix, or matrix's file location, directly.

### Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  # First, we use magmaRset to create an object which will tell other magmaR
  # functions our authentication token (as well as some other optional bits).
  # When run in this way, it will ask you to give your token.
  magma <- magmaRset()

  # Note that you likely do not have write-permissions for the 'example'
  # project, so this code can be expected to give an authorization error.

  updateValues(
```

```
target = magma,  
projectName = "example",  
revisions = list(  
  # model  
  'rna_seq' = list(  
    # record  
    'EXAMPLE-HS1-WB1-RSQ1' = list(  
      # attribute  
      'fraction' = list(  
        # value(s)  
        "Tcells"  
      )  
    )  
  )  
)  
}
```

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